Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Jotun Protects Property

Tankguard SF Comp B

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Tankguard SF Comp B

Product code : 7742

Product description : Hardener.

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER: Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN15 8RR England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317

STOT RE 2, H373 (heart, kidneys)

Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger.

Hazard statements : $\mathbb{H}302$ - Harmful if swallowed.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(heart, kidneys)

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : ₱280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective

clothing.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or physician.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Denzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.

formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated

4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	Notes

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<u> </u>					
penzenedimethanamine, n- (2-phenylethyl) derivs.	EC: 445-790-1 CAS: 404362-22-7	≥50 - ≤75	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (heart) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]	-
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6	≥10 - ≤21	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1]	-
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	REACH #: 01-2119983522-33 CAS: 135108-88-2	≥10 - ≤19	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (kidneys) (oral) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]	-
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	REACH #: 01-2119480479-24 EC: 213-048-4 CAS: 919-30-2 Index: 612-108-00-0	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]	-
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	REACH #: 01-2119541673-38 EC: 217-168-8 CAS: 1761-71-3	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (liver) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

Skin contact

Eye contact

Ingestion

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated, 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine). May produce an allergic reaction.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived no effect levels

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
penzyl alcohol	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	450 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	90 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	47 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	9.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	28.5 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	25 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.7 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.11 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	40.55 mg/ m³	Consumers	Systemic
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	59 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	59 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	17.4 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.4 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.63 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	1.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Inhalation			
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.21 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
DNEL	Long term	0.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.125 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
DNEL	Long term Oral	0.125 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
	DNEL DNEL	DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal	DNEL Long term Dermal 0.21 mg/kg bw/day DNEL Long term 0.5 mg/m³ Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal 0.125 mg/kg bw/day DNEL Long term Oral 0.125 mg/	DNEL Long term Dermal 0.21 mg/ kg bw/day DNEL Long term 0.5 mg/m³ Workers Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal 0.125 mg/ kg bw/day DNEL Long term Oral 0.125 mg/ Consumers

Predicted no effect concentrations

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
b enzyl alcohol	PNEC	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
-	PNEC	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	39 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	PNEC	Fresh water	0.33 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.033 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	13 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	1.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.12 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	0.05 mg/kg dwt	-
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	PNEC	Fresh water	0.008 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.0008 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	80 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0.39 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.039 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	0.072 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton®, 4H May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: nitrile rubber, PVC

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist

before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a

respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use

of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Environmental exposure

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Various colours. Odour : Characteristic. **Odour threshold** : Not applicable. pH : Not applicable. : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Lowest known value: 205.3°C (401.5°F) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average:

222.21°C (432°F)

: Closed cup: 87°C Flash point

: 0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate **Evaporation rate**

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. **Burning time** : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: 1.3 - 13%

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 0.02 kPa (0.2 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (benzyl alcohol).

Weighted average: 0.01 kPa (0.08 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol).

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Relative density : 1.05 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Lowest known value: 436°C (816.8°F) (benzyl alcohol).

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s) **Viscosity**

Explosive properties : Not available. : Not available. **Oxidising properties**

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Inder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.6 Hazardous

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated, 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine). May produce an allergic reaction.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
enzyl alcohol 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	1230 mg/kg 1780 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route	ATE value	
Øral Inhalation (vapours)	551.4 mg/kg 94.19 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 10 microliters	-

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
penzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs. formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	Category 2	Not determined Oral Not determined	heart kidneys liver

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Potential chronic health effects

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

Carcinogenicity
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
√,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	Acute EC50 6.84 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 140 mg/l Acute LC50 46 mg/l	Algae Fish	72 hours 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
penzyl alcohol 4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	-		Readily Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<mark>b</mark> enzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
formaldehyde, polymer with	-	209 to 219	low
benzenamine, hydrogenated			
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1.7	3.4	low
4,4'-methylenebis	2.03	-	low
(cyclohexylamine)			

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition :

coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

: 08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous

substances

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SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

International transport regulations

14.1 UN number : 3066

14.2 UN proper shipping

name

Paint related material. Marine pollutant (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl)

derivs.)

14.3 Transport hazard

class(es)

: 8



: The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

14.4 Packing group : II 14.5 Environmental : Yes.

hazards

Marking

14.6 Special precautions

for user

: **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Additional information

ADR / RID

Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Hazard identification number: 80

IMDG

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Emergency schedules (EmS)

F-A, S-B

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

: Not available.

IMDG Code Segregation

group

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory: Not determined.

Black List Chemicals : Not listed

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Water

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I

: Not listed

: Not listed

Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III

Chemicals

: Not listed

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: Not applicable.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373 (heart, kidneys)	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if

(oral) swallowed.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

Skin Corr. 1B, H314 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Corr. 1C, H314 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C Skin Sana 1, H317

Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B, H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B

STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE (oral) - Category 2

STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 2

Date of printing

Date of issue/ Date of

: 05.04.2018 : 05.04.2018

revision

Date of previous issue

: 18.12.2016

Version : 4

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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